

Step 2: Staff Review and Action for Minor Work

Once an application is determined complete, it will be distributed to appropriate staff. Staff will review any COA applications for minor work and, if approved, issue a certificate of appropriateness. Minor work applications may be filed anytime.

Minor work is defined as those changes that do not involve substantial alterations, additions or removals that could impair the integrity of the historic landmark. Minor works include the ordinary maintenance or repair of any exterior feature provided such maintenance or repair does not involve a change in design, material, or appearance thereof. See examples of major work, minor work and routine maintenance attached to this application.

If staff determines that a minor work COA cannot be approved administratively, the application will be scheduled for a public hearing with the commission.

Step 3: Public Hearing Scheduling and Public Notification for Major Work

Major work applications require review by the HPC. Staff shall ensure the public hearing is scheduled for a regularly scheduled Historic Preservation Commission meeting or a meeting specially called for by the Historic Preservation Commission. The required public hearing with the HPC shall be scheduled so there is sufficient time for a staff report to be prepared and for the public notification requirements to be satisfied under state law.

The application shall meet the following public notification requirements:

• Mailed Notice

Staff shall be responsible for preparing and mailing a written notice at least 7 days before the public hearing. Notice shall be mailed to all adjacent property owners.

Step 4: Public Hearing Procedures, and Decision-Making Body Review and Decision for Major Work

Staff will present the application and staff report to the Historic Preservation Commission. The applicant must attend the public hearing to present evidence and answer any questions the commission or public may have about the application. The Historic Preservation Commission shall conduct a quasi-judicial hearing that is subject to procedural rules set forth by the courts including having all persons who intend to present evidence to the board be sworn. Quasi-judicial public hearings are subject to the following:

• Opportunity to Present Testimony and Evidence

Any affected party shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity to present testimony and evidence in support of or in opposition to the application, and to ask questions of the applicant and the applicant's representatives and county staff and county staff's representatives. At the discretion of the person chairing the body conducting the public hearing, an affected party may be granted an opportunity to ask questions of any other member of the public who has testified at the hearing.

• Not Bound by Rules of Evidence

Except as otherwise provided in the North Carolina General Statutes, the board is not bound by the rules of evidence, or limited to consideration of evidence that is admissible in a court of law. The board may consider all testimony and evidence it deems competent and material to the application under consideration.

• Cross Examination

Any inquiry under cross-examination shall be limited to matters raised in the direct examination of the witness. No re-direct or re-cross shall be allowed unless requested by the applicant, an affected party, or the county – who shall state the desired area of inquiry – and approved by the person chairing the body conducting the hearing. If re-direct or re-cross is allowed, it shall be limited to questions of the witness on issues raised in the cross-examination.

• Ex Parte Communication

Ex parte communication between an applicant or an affected party and a member of the board reviewing or making a decision on the application is prohibited, and must be disclosed during the public hearing, if it concurs.

The Historic Preservation Commission shall decide on the application based solely on the record of the application, as supplemented by arguments presented at the public hearing. The decision shall be one of the following:

- Approval of the COA;
- Approval of the COA with conditions;
- Disapproval of the COA;
- Deferral of the COA.

The HPC shall make findings of fact to be entered into the minutes.

A majority vote by the Historic Preservation Commission members present shall decide the application. If the application is approved, a COA will be issued.

Certificates of Appropriateness are valid for 180 days from the date of issuance, or, in the case of a certificate for demolition, from the effective date. If the authorized work is not commenced within that period, or has been discontinued for more than 365 calendar days from the date of issuance, the certificate will immediately expire and the applicant will be required to reapply.

If the commission denies a certificate, a new application affecting the same property may be submitted, provided a substantial change is proposed in the plans.

An appeal of a final action by the commission may be made to the county board of adjustment.

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Certificate of Appropriateness Application Page **4** of **8** 2/2025



OF	FIG	CIAL	USE	ONLY:
-				

Date Filed: Permit #

Amount Paid:

Historic Preservation Commission Certificate of Appropriateness Application

APPLICANT:	PROPERTY OWNER:
Name:	
Address:	Address:
Telephone:	Telephone:
E-Mail Address:	E-Mail Address:
LEGAL RELATIONSHIP OF APPLICANT 1	O PROPERTY OWNER:
Project:	
 Major Works (HPC Review) 	 Minor Works (Staff Review)
Request	
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Street Address:	
Street Address:	
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Certificate of Appropriateness Submittal Checklist

Staff will use the following checklist to determine the completeness of your application. Only complete applications will be accepted.

Certificate of Appropriateness

Submittal Checklist

Date Received: _____

HPC Date:_____

Project Name: _____

Applicant/Property Owner:_____

Certificate of Appropriateness Submittal Checklist				
1	Complete COA application.			
2	Application Fee (\$50)			
3	Site Plan. The site plan must include: the property location, all structures (existing and proposed), setback dimensions, driveways, etc.			
4	Elevations. Building elevations must include dimensions, material notes, window and door details, topography, foundation height, porch details, and other relevant information as requested. For additions, the existing structure and proposed addition must be clearly shown. The plans must clearly identify the building elements to be demolished with dashed lines.			
5	Photographs of existing conditions. All photographs are required to be a PDF digital copy (ex. Compact Disk or USB Flash Drive). For buildings and structures, include all facades and at least one photo of all other contributing and non-contributing resources, as well as at least one photo show the main building or structure within its setting. For objects, include a view of the object within its setting, as well as a variety of representative views. For sites, include overall views and any significant details.			
6	Drawings of proposed work and description of materials. These drawings might include architectural detail plan drawings and elevation drawings showing proposed work. Show dimensions on all drawings.			
7	1 hard copy of ALL documents			
8	1 PDF digital copy of all plans AND documents (ex. Compact Disk or USB Flash Drive)			

For Staff Only

Pre-application Conference (optional)

Pre-application Conference was held on _____ and the following people were present:

Comments

Major Works, Minor Works and Routine Maintenance

Exterior work items are divided into three categories: **Routine Maintenance, Minor Works**, and **Major Works**.

Routine Maintenance does not require a certificate of appropriateness because no irreversible or significant change is made to the landmark. Examples of routine maintenance include:

- painting using the same colors or a shade variation of the same color;
- replacing broken window glass;
- caulking and weather-stripping;
- installation of window air conditioners in the rear or side of the building;
- replacement of missing or deteriorated siding, trim, roof shingles, roofing materials, porch flooring, steps, etc., as along as replacement materials match the existing;
- installation of gutters or downspouts that are made of copper or painted to match building trim color;
- repairs to impervious surfaces, fencing, and walls with matching materials;
- installation of floodlights or entrance door lights;
- minor landscaping;
- temporary signs;
- interior work with no exterior changes.

Minor Works require a certificate of appropriateness; however, this work can be approved on behalf of the Historic Preservation Commission by the Zoning Enforcement Officer. Minor works may be referred to the HPC if staff determines that the changes involve substantial alterations, additions, or removals that could impair the integrity of the landmark or district. No application for minor works shall be denied by without deliberation by the Historic Preservation Commission. Examples of minor works include:

- painting previously painted surfaces with an appropriate change of colors;
- installation of storm windows and doors which match the structure;
- installation of mechanical equipment;
- re-roofing with material of a different color than the existing color;
- installation of foundation vents and foundation access doors;
- installation of soffit vents, roof vents, and gable end vents;
- installation of exterior lighting fixtures;
- installation of temporary structures for handicapped access;
- removal of deteriorated accessory buildings which are not original to the site;
- upgrading utilities to bring them up to code;
- major landscaping projects;
- removal of dead or storm-damaged trees;
- installation of historic identification signs or other appropriate advertising signs.

Major Works require a certificate of appropriateness be approved by the Historic Preservation Commission. In general, major works projects involve a change in the appearance of a structure, and are more substantial in nature than routine maintenance or minor works projects. Examples of major works include:

- painting of previously unpainted surfaces;
- new exterior construction or additions to buildings;
- demolition of any part of a primary structure;
- moving of structures on, off, or within a property;
- change or addition of architectural details when there is a change in design or material from the original;
- resurfacing buildings with new materials;
- replacement or change of windows, sashes, shutters, or doors with materials different from existing;
- re-roofing with different material;
- installation of permanent structures for handicapped access;
- addition of new accessory buildings;
- construction of driveways, parking areas, sidewalks, utilities, fencing, or walls;
- tree removal except those that are dead or storm-damaged;
- any item not listed as routine maintenance or minor works as determined by the Zoning Enforcement Officer.